# Broadband Mapping Data Processing Report Supplement

**Submission 2** 

**Version S2-V3** 

October 1, 2010



## **SUBMISSION 2 OVERVIEW**

In general, the submission 2 processes followed the same basic approach that was used in submission 1. The submission 1 process documentation is included, but the following sections outline the modifications made to the initial processing in order to meet the submission 2 requirements as defined by NTIA.

In summary they can be divided into the following three categories:

- Process Modifications
- Reference Data Modifications
- NTIA Submission Data Model Schema Changes

# **SUBMISSION 2 PROCESS MODIFICATIONS**

Based on NTIA feedback and information provided in NTIA webinar sessions, the submission 2 data processing workflow was changed to support the new NTIA submission requirements:

- Submission 2 requires a geodatabase with spatial features for all submitted datasets. Initially, submission 1 required text files (as specified in the NOFA) which were delivered along with a wireless shapefile in an interim delivery. Prior to the actual first submission, NTIA suggested a geodatabase format without definitive guidance on a data model. Subsequently, NTIA suggested the use of the NSGIC version 2 data model for broadband submission. For submission 2, NTIA has formalized the file geodatabase that we have used.
- 2. Submission 2 data processing required the use of 2000 Census data for the identification reference for Census <u>blocks</u>. During submission 1, many states used 2009 data, which offered better spatial accuracy and completeness. This more accurate data was used to perform an evaluation of whether each Census block was less than or greater than 2 square miles. The requirement in submission 2 to use 2000 census data forced the reevaluation of the size of a census block and changed the representation of a provider's data by blocks or roads. This impacted data processing because many providers simply said to reuse their submission 1 data which sometimes used Census 2009 reference data, but now this data had to be reevaluated with the use of the Census 2000 reference data.
- 3. Per NTIA requirements the source for the <u>roads</u> reference layer is allowed to be the best available source that the state has available. For consistent representation the state road reference data used was Census Tiger Line IDs (TLIDs).
- 4. Max advertised speed (up/down) should be stored within the blocks, roads, and wireless area datasets.
- 5. The weighted average speed alternate format will no longer be accepted.
- 6. Weighted Average Speed is being submitted on a county basis, and was used to populate the new Overview table.

- 7. Due to our NDA restrictions, address points and last mile points will not be submitted to NTIA.
- 8. Wireless coverage should be provided with unique shapes for each spectrum utilized.
- 9. Terrestrial Mobile Wireless and Terrestrial Fixed Wireless Licensed were treated as wireless coverage and were delivered as a shape. These types of wireless were not represented in the block and road datasets. We also represent Terrestrial Fixed Wireless unlicensed with a wireless coverage polygon.
- 10. If provided, Franchise Area will be captured during the ingest process, and kept for use during the validation process. These areas are not being submitted to NTIA.
- 11. All Provider data and Community Anchor Institutions (CAI) locations should be clipped to the state's boundary. During submission 1, some CAI locations, address points, middle mile points and wireless coverage areas were located just over the border in neighboring states.
- 12. The submission 2 Provider data model is currently based on the NTIA data model as of September 8, 2010. All proposed changes have been incorporated into the data submitted with this delivery. Any changes are documented in the Provider Data Model Schema changes section of this document.
- 13. Records dropped during data processing will have an associated reason code, and they will not be submitted to NTIA. Dropped records were maintained in a separate similarly formatted dataset and given to the providers so they had an opportunity to correct any issues. Records without required attributes were not submitted to NTIA.
- 14. The end-user category has been removed from the submission data model for blocks and roads, and is no longer a provider data requirement.

### **SUBMISISON 2: REFERENCE DATA MODIFICATIONS**

This section describes the reference data schema that will be used during the <u>Reference Data Setup</u> process described later in this document. Reference Data is geometric data used in the NTIA broadband data processing for reporting all collected provider data. Three submission datasets require reference data: block data, road segment data, and overview data. This section provides a description and analysis of the input reference data and a strategy for transforming it into a reference data schema. The reference data schema and associated domains are described in <u>Appendix 1</u>.

#### CREATION OF PROCESSING REFERENCE DATA

During submission 1, provider service delivery data were joined by primary key (i.e. TLID, BLOCKID) to the reference data required by NTIA for submission. Reference data sets were collected and stored by year and type for each state. This raised a number of issues:

- Multiple reference datasets were maintained
- No clear method to define the reference source dataset use for any given feature submitted to NTIA
- In some cases, multiple road data sources were used to improve the road geometry. This increased the time required for analysis.
- Each state processed independently decided projection and reference data specification

Major improvements in geometry accuracy are contained in the 2009 Census block data. Some of the 2009 Census blocks are subdivisions of 2000 Census blocks. These smaller block sizes reflect changes in population, etc. Each of these subdivided blocks adds a single character alphabetic suffix to the 2000 Block ID.

NTIA guidance requested use of 2000 Census data for submission 2, however, the geometry improvements and the addition of new features of the 2009 data suggested that a hybrid dataset using the 2000 id system and the 2009 geometry should be used for submission 2 data processing. For the final delivery to NTIA, all geometry was reverted back to the Census 2000 format.

The following is a summary of other key decisions regarding the reference data processing:

- All reference data will be combined to from three feature classes for data processing use (i.e. Block, Road Segments, and Overview)
- Only data needed during broadband data processing will be retained (i.e. extra-unused reference columns will be dropped). For instance, State, County, Tract, and Block fields can be generated from the full BlockID field during the publishing process, so these fields are not tracked through the reference file creation process.
- All reference data column names and data types are based on the NSGIC guidance contained in the geodatabase description working paper dated 4/8/10.
- All reference data column names will be prefixed with "ref\_" to indicate to future data processing steps the data's origin as reference data (opposed to provider data).

#### REFERENCE FILE PROJECTION

 WGS\_1984\_Web\_Mercator will be the projection used for all submission 2 reference data processing per NSGIC guidance contained in the geodatabase description working paper dated 4/8/10.

### **BLOCK REFERENCE**

During the block reference file setup, the 2009 BlockID suffix is dropped and the blocks are dissolved (by Block ID) to produce data with 2000 BlockIDs and 2009 shape geometry. This hybrid allows the most recent geometry to be used with provider data that is based on the 2000 census BlockID.

- The ref CBYear (Census Block Year) column will be set to "HYBR"
- Block size (AREA) is calculated combining the 2000 land area (ALAND) and water area (AWATER)
- AREA converted from square meters to square miles to calculate square mileage (SMI).
- If the SMI of a block is less than or equal to 2, then the less than or equal to 2 square mile indicator (LE2SMI) is set to true.

### **ROAD REFERENCE**

Tiger Line IDs (TLIDs), the key column for Census road data, are maintained between the 2000 and 2009 Census data. However, modifications, such as the splitting of a road segment to include a new road intersection, will produce new segments with new TLIDs. One goal of the road reference creation is to make all possible TLID values available for processing. In this example, a provider might use the 2000 TLID for the full segment, or the 2009 TLID for one of the split segments. The combination of the two files may produce duplicate TLIDs, one with 2000 geometry and one with 2009 geometry. To take advantage of the 2009 geometry improvements, when a duplicate TLID is encountered, the one with the 2000 geometry is removed.

- The ref\_CBYear (Census Block Year) column is set to indicate the origin year of the road reference data (2000, 2009)
- The GT2SMI (Greater Than 2 Square Mile) indicator is set to True when:
  - The 2009 road segment <u>is completely within</u> a <u>hybrid</u> block that is NOT LE2SMI (not less than 2 square miles)
  - The 2000 road segment's, centroid is within a 2000 block that is NOT LE2SMI (not less than 2 square miles). The centroid is used because of poor road alignment between the 2000 roads and block.
- Only minimum and maximum address ranges and a single zip code for each road segment is maintained.
  - In preparation for arithmetic calculations based on address ranges, all extra left and right, as well as address ranges that include alphabetic characters are dropped.

# **OVERVIEW REFERENCE**

Overview data in submission 1 contained three separate feature classes; maximum speed, weighted speed, and pricing data. During submission 1 three separate reference sources (County, CMA, MSA) were also accepted for each of these. In submission 2, all maximum speed data was processed at the block,

road, or wireless shape area. Overview was only used to maintain the weighted speed information, and in this submission, only County is accepted as a geography type.

# REFERENCE DATA SOURCES

The following data sources were used as reference data sources for submission 2:

## BLOCK REFERENCE DATA: 2009 CENSUS BLOCKS

The 2009 Census Block data is the most recent geometry provided by the US Census Bureau and has these characteristics:

- The full Block ID is allotted 17 characters (even though the sum of the component parts only adds up to 16 characters):
  - o (2) State
  - o (3) County
  - o (6) Tract
  - o (4) Block
  - o (1) Suffix The 2009 Census Block data allocates a one-character alphabetic suffix to the end of a 2000 Block ID for all blocks that have been subdivided
- Fields of interest include:
  - o [BLKIDFP]:: char(17) Full Block ID
  - [ALAND] :: double(14) Land Area
  - o [AWATER] :: double(14) Water Area
- The 2009 Census block geometry has been adjusted to correspond with the revised and amended 2009 Census road data.
- This 2009 data represents the new standard for sharing statistical data and is good for matching to the results from our processing. However, historical data may not match this Block ID system.
- This data was downloaded for each state from the following website: <a href="http://www2.census.gov/cgi-bin/shapefiles2009/national-files">http://www2.census.gov/cgi-bin/shapefiles2009/national-files</a>

## ROAD REFERENCE DATA: 2000 CENSUS TIGER LINES

The 2000 Census Tiger Line data contains geometry used during the 2000 Census Bureau. The following is a list of characteristics:

- The Tiger Line Identification (TLID) system is stored as a double data type, although it contains only integer values
- Fields of interest include:
  - [TLID] :: double(10) –Originally long integer in TGR file spec (Tiger Line ID)
  - [FEDIRP] :: char(2) (Feature Prefix Direction)
  - [FENAME] :: char(30) (Feature Name)
  - o [FETYPE] :: char(4) (Feature Type)
  - o [FEDIRS] :: char(2) (Feature Suffix Direction)
  - o [FRADDL] :: double(11) Originally text field in TGR file spec (From Address Left)
  - o [TOADDL] :: double(11) Originally text field in TGR file spec (To Address Left)
  - o [FRADDR]:: double(11) Originally text field in TGR file spec (From Address Right)
  - o [TOADDR] :: double(11) Originally text field in TGR file spec (To Address Right)

- o [ZIPL] :: char(5) (Zip Left)
- o [ZIPR] :: char(5) (Zip Right)
- The Census road data is packaged by county. Roads that exist as the boundary between counties will be duplicated in both county files.
- This data has been the standard format for outputting statistical data for the last decade
- This data was downloaded by county as road segments from the following website: http://arcdata.esri.com/data/tiger2000/tiger\_download.cfm

### ROAD REFERENCE DATA: 2009 CENSUS TIGER LINES

The 2009 Census Tiger Line data contains the most recent geometry provided by the Census Bureau. The following is a list of characteristics:

- The Tiger Line Identification (TLID) system is stored as a double data type, although it contains only integer values
- Fields of interest include:
  - o [TLID] :: double(10) -- (Tiger Line ID)
  - o [FULLNAME] :: char(100) (Full Name)
  - o [LFROMADD] :: char(12) (Left From Address)
  - o [LTOADD] :: char(12) (Left To Address)
  - [RFROMADD] :: char(12) (Right From Address)
  - o [RTOADD] :: char(12) (Right To Address)
  - o [ZIPL] :: char(5) (Zip Left)
  - [ZIPR] :: char(5) (Zip Right)
  - [ROADFLG] :: char(1) (Road Flag Is segment a road?)
- The 2009 Census Tiger Line road segment geometry was adjusted to correct 2000 segments misalignment; street name, type and directional information were concatenated into one database column (FULLNAME) and new road segments were added.
- The Census road data is packaged by county. Roads that exist as the boundary between counties will be duplicated in both county files.
- This data represents the new standard for sharing statistical data
- This data was downloaded by county as full tiger line data at the following website: http://www2.census.gov/cgi-bin/shapefiles2009/national-files
  - o Source data was filtered by row were [ROADFLG] = yes to create the reference data set.

**Note**: Where roads were split, because of road alignment correction or new road additions, new reference (TLID) values were assigned to the new road segments by the Census in the 2009 data set.

### OVERVIEW REFERENCE DATA: 2009 CENSUS COUNTIES

The 2009 Census County Boundaries are used for reporting of Weighted Average Speed. The following is a list of characteristics:

- The County identification number is stored as a text and allotted 5 characters
- Fields of interest include:
  - o [COUNTYIDPF] :: char (15) (County Identification Postfix)
  - [NAME] :: char (100) (Name)

• This data was downloaded from the following website: http://www2.census.gov/cgi-bin/shapefiles2009/national-files

## SUBMISSION 2: NTIA SUBMISSION DATA MODEL SCHEMA CHANGES

This section of the document describes the strategy that was used for the development of the specific data schema used for the NTIA submission 2 provider data. The current data model schema is in Appendix 2.

#### SCHEMA HISTORY AND EVOLUTION

In submission 1, NTIA asked the National States Geographic Information Council (NSGIC) to comment and provide a spatial data model that can provide a common format for data submitted to NTIA. The initial NSGIC data model released had a number of flaws that clearly needed to be resolved.

NSGIC released the version 2 of the data model close to the submission 1 delivery date. The new model has improved functionality and conforms more closely to the NTIA submission requirements. The NSGIC version 2 model was used as the basis for our internal processing models and for submission 2.

After submission 1, NTIA took ownership of the submission data model, but did not release any changes until mid August. The NSCIG version 2 was used as the basis for our internal processing models. The submission 2 NTIA data model is similar to the NSCIG version 2 model.

To retain as much of the NSGIC v2 /NTIA spatial data model as possible, the relationship between the provider data and the output specification is kept as simple as possible. Here are a few key NTIA submission data model design considerations:

- Submission feature class names reflected the names in the NSGIC v2 specification
- Column data types are based on the NSGIC v2 specification
- Where possible, field names retained the naming conventions of the NSGIC specification
- All road segment address information used the NSGIC specification of a single min, max, zip for each feature
- The data schema for wireless data follows the NSGIC specification for submitting a single feature per spectrum
- To retain Provider Source Information the ID filed is calculated as State Name Abbreviation "\_",
   Short Name. The ID field exists in the NSGIC v2 data model, but not the final NTIA submission 2
   delivery model. This column is used during processing and was dropped during final processing,
   prior to submission to NTIA.
- Any Overview records that were not submitted using State-County codes were not delivered.

#### NTIA DATA MODEL CHANGES

During the processing of provider data for submission 2, a number of issues were raised about the data model requirements proposed by NTIA. A number of specific errors, such as typographical errors in domain values, or inconsistency surrounding processing of null values, etc., were documented and

forwarded to NTIA for response. The issues and resolution are included in <u>Appendix 2: NTIA Submission</u>
<u>Dataset Schema Changes</u> the end of this document.

Based on changes made to the NTIA data model, some data processing procedures were required to populate the current NTIA data model. The following is a list of specific data processing changes that have been implemented:

- The following are the rules for removing records for the final NTIA submission:
  - o Basic Assumptions:
    - Remove any record that has a Maximum Advertized speed that did not meet the definition of broadband
    - MaxAdv is only required in wireless
    - MaxAdv can be null in blocks/roads
  - Criteria for removing records from Blocks/Roads (wireline)
    - Remove records with invalid MaxAdv speeds
  - Criteria for removing records from Wireless
    - Remove records with invalid MaxAdv speeds
    - Remove records with null MaxAdv speeds
- In addition, the following processing changes are now performed during post-processing and before the final NTIA submission:
  - There is a new feature class called State Boundary. These shapes were prepped and added to the reference datasets for each state. For NTIA submission output, these were moved into their own feature class.
  - The Blocks table has the Block ID separately defined as State, County, Tract, and Block ID. The provider data as processed include the full 15-digit FIPS code, which has been parsed to populate these fields.
  - o ID columns no longer exist. They have been dropped from the final processed data.
  - The Middle Mile, Overview, and Wireless tables all have a field called StateAbbr (2 character alphabetic code). The final publishing script created and populated the StateAbbr field.
  - o In the Roads table, the Ref\_Values are used for Street info and Zip Code. Because the processing produces a null value for Ref\_City, the City field is populated with Dlv\_City.
  - o TransTech was converted from string to small integer.
  - o Any record with a TransTech value of X, Y, or Z was dropped.
  - o Any other field with a value of X, Y, or Z was set to null.
  - o Any Elevation with a -9999, -9998, or -9997 was set to null.
  - Any FRN generated during processing (those starting with 00000000\_\_) were converted to a value of 9999.
  - o In the Blocks and Roads tables there are new fields called Reseller. Because only data from actual providers was accepted, this field was set to 'No' for all records.



#### **APPENDICES**

#### APPENDIX 1: NTIA SUBMISSION DATASET SCHEMA CHANGES

The September 8th version of the NTIA data model was used as the basis for the submission 2 data model. This appendix describes the changes made to this data model due to issues that were found. Based on NTIA analysis, the issues fell into three categories:

- 1. "All Other" TRANSTECH code The All Other category was intended for cases where the technology did not fit any other of the existing ones in the model and no business rules have been applied to it. The valid range of speeds used for this should be the ones listed in the Federal Register although some users have already reported to us higher available speeds.
- 2. **Null Values for Overview MAXADDOWN and MAXADUP** Nulls are not allowed on the Overview feature class for MAXADVUP and MAXADOWN by design. The overview feature class represents a higher level or more generalized type of data, and null information for speeds is intentionally not allowed at that level. For more detailed layers like census blocks, road segments, and addresses these fields can have null values. As a result, no Overview records were submitted sine all MaxAdv speeds were reported in blocks and roads. It should be noted that Weighted Average Speed was collected, but not delivered, for this reason.
- 3. **Coded Value Domains** Some of the coded value domains are not linked to the correct subtype, these can be fixed in the database. Many of the speed codes are the same across transmission technologies minimizing the overall impact. The subtype links will be corrected in the next version of the model.

The table below lists the data model issues that were found, and the resolutions (i.e. changes to the data model) that were made:

#	Feature Class	Issue	Resolution
			Created two domain tables, one
		TRANSTECH of All Other does not have any sub	called All Upload (2 -11) and another
1		domain tables to select	called All Download (3-11)
		Domain Transmission of Technology has	
		TRANSTECH 40 is named Cable Modem - DOCIS	removed the word "Down" - new
2		3.0 Down	values is DOCIS 3.0
		Subtype for TransTech Symmetric xDSL -	
3	BB_Service_Address	MAXADDOWN domain set to AxDSL Down	domain set to Symmetric xDSL Down
		Subtype for TransTech Symmetric xDSL -	
4	BB_Service_Address	MAXADUP domain set to AxDSL Up	domain set to Symmetric xDSL Up
		Subtype for TransTech Other Copper Wireline -	domain set to Other Copper Wireline
5	BB_Service_Address	MAXADDOWN domain set to Satellite Down	Down
		Subtype for TransTech Other Copper Wireline -	domain set to Other Copper Wireline
6	BB_Service_Address	MAXADUP domain set to Symmetric xDSL Up	Up

#	Feature Class	Issue	Resolution
		Subtype for TransTech Other Copper Wireline -	
		TYPICDOWN domain set to Symmetric xDSL	domain set to Other Copper Wireline
7	BB_Service_Address	Down	Down
		Subtype for TransTech Other Copper Wireline -	domain set to Other Copper Wireline
8	BB_Service_Address	TYPICUP domain set to Symmetric xDSL Up	Up
		Subtype for TransTech TRANSTECH 40 is named	
9	BB_Service_Address	Cable Modem - DOCIS 3.0 Down	removed the word "Down"
		Subtype for TransTech Terrestrial Fixed Wireless -	
		Unlicensed - TYPICDOWN domain set to	domain set to Terrestrial Fixed
10	BB_Service_Address	Terrestrial Fixed Wireless Licensed Down	Wireless Unlicensed Down
		Subtype for TransTech Terrestrial Fixed Wireless -	
		Licensed - MAXADOWN domain set to Terrestrial	domain set to Terrestrial Fixed
11	BB_Service_Address	Mobile Wireless Down	Wireless Licensed Down
		Subtype for TransTech Terrestrial Fixed Wireless -	
		Licensed - MAXADUP domain set to Terrestrial	domain set to Terrestrial Fixed
12	BB_Service_Address	Mobile Wireless UP	Wireless Licensed Up
		Subtype for TransTech Terrestrial Fixed Wireless -	
		Licensed - TYPICDOWN domain set to Terrestrial	domain set to Terrestrial Fixed
13	BB_Service_Address	Mobile Wireless Down	Wireless Licensed Down
		Subtype for TransTech Terrestrial Fixed Wireless -	
		Licensed - TYPICUP domain set to Terrestrial	domain set to Terrestrial Fixed
14	BB_Service_Address	Mobile Wireless Up	Wireless Licensed Up
15	BB_Service_Address	All Other - MAXADDOWN - no domain set	domain set to All Download
16	BB_Service_Address	All Other - MAXADUP - no domain set	domain set to All Upload
17	BB_Service_Address	All Other - TYPICDOWN - no domain set	domain set to All Download
18	BB_Service_Address	All Other - TYPICUP - no domain set	domain set to All Upload
		TRANSTECH 40 is named Cable Modem - DOCIS	
19	BB_Service_CAInstatutions	3.0 Down	removed the word "Down"
20	BB_Service_CAInstatutions	All Other - MAXADDOWN - no domain set	domain set to All Download
21	BB_Service_CAInstatutions	All Other - MAXADUP - no domain set	domain set to All Upload
		TRANSTECH 40 is named Cable Modem - DOCIS	
22	BB_Service_CensusBlock	3.0 Down	removed the word "Down"
		Cable Modem - DOCIS 3.0 - MAXADDOWN does	domain set to Cable Modem - DOCIS
23	BB_Service_CensusBlock	not have any domain assigned	3.0 Down
		Cable Modem - Other - MAXADDOWN domain	domain set to Cable Modem - Other
24	BB_Service_CensusBlock	set to Cable Modem DOCIS 3.0 Down	Down
		Cable Modem - Other - MAXADUP domain set to	domain set to Cable Modem - Other
25	BB_Service_CensusBlock	Cable Modem DOCIS 3.0 Up	Up

#	Feature Class	Issue	Resolution
		Cable Modem - Other - TYPICDOWN domain set	domain set to Cable Modem - Other
26	BB_Service_CensusBlock	to Cable Modem DOCIS 3.0 Down	Down
		Cable Modem - Other - TYPICDUP domain set to	domain set to Cable Modem - Other
27	BB_Service_CensusBlock	Cable Modem DOCIS 3.0 Up	Up
		TRANSTECH 71 is named Terrestrial Mobile	renamed to Terrestrial Fixed
28	BB_Service_CensusBlock	Wireless	Wireless - Licensed
29	BB_Service_CensusBlock	All Other - MAXADDOWN - no domain set	domain set to All Download
30	BB_Service_CensusBlock	All Other - MAXADUP - no domain set	domain set to All Upload
31	BB_Service_CensusBlock	All Other - TYPICDOWN - no domain set	domain set to All Download
32	BB_Service_CensusBlock	All Other - TYPICUP - no domain set	domain set to All Upload
		Asymmetric xDSL - MAXADDOWN domain set to	
33	BB_Service_RoadSegment	AxDSL Up	domain set to AxDSL Down
		Asymmetric xDSL - MAXADUP domain set to	
34	BB_Service_RoadSegment	AxDSL Down	domain set to AxDSL Up
		Asymmetric xDSL - TYPICDOWN domain set to	
35	BB_Service_RoadSegment	AxDSL Up	domain set to AxDSL Down
		Asymmetric xDSL - TYPICUP does not have any	
36	BB_Service_RoadSegment	domain assigned	domain set to AxDSL Up
		Terrestrial Fixed Wireless - Unlicensed -	
		TYPICDOWN domain set to Terrestrial	domain set to Terrestrial Fixed
37	BB_Service_RoadSegment	Mobilewireless Down	Wireless Unlicensed Down
38	BB_Service_RoadSegment	All Other - MAXADDOWN - no domain set	domain set to All Download
39	BB_Service_RoadSegment	All Other - MAXADUP - no domain set	domain set to All Upload
40	BB_Service_RoadSegment	All Other - TYPICDOWN - no domain set	domain set to All Download
41	BB_Service_RoadSegment	All Other - TYPICUP - no domain set	domain set to All Upload
		Cable Modem - DOCIS 3.0 - MAXADDOWN	domain set to Cable Modem - DOCIS
42	BB_Service_Wireless	domain set to Other Copper Wireline Down	3.0 Down
		Cable Modem - DOCIS 3.0 - MAXADUP domain	domain set to Cable Modem - DOCIS
43	BB_Service_Wireless	set to Other Copper Wireline Up	3.0 Up
		Cable Modem - DOCIS 3.0 - TYPICDOWN domain	domain set to Cable Modem - DOCIS
44	BB_Service_Wireless	set to Other Copper Wireline Down	3.0 Down
		Cable Modem - DOCIS 3.0 - TYPICUP domain set	domain set to Cable Modem - DOCIS
45	BB_Service_Wireless	to Other Copper Wireline Up	3.0 Up
		Cable Modem - Other - MAXADDOWN domain	domain set to Cable Modem - Other
46	BB_Service_Wireless	set to Other Copper Wireline Down	Down
		Cable Modem - Other - MAXADUP domain set to	domain set to Cable Modem - Other
47	BB_Service_Wireless	Other Copper Wireline Up	Up

#	Feature Class	Issue	Resolution
		Cable Modem - Other - TYPICDOWN domain set	domain set to Cable Modem - Other
48	BB_Service_Wireless	to Other Copper Wireline Down	Down
		Cable Modem - Other - TYPICUP domain set to	domain set to Cable Modem - Other
49	BB_Service_Wireless	Other Copper Wireline Up	Up
50	BB_Service_Wireless	All Other - MAXADDOWN - no domain set	domain set to All Download
51	BB_Service_Wireless	All Other - MAXADUP - no domain set	domain set to All Upload
52	BB_Service_Wireless	All Other - TYPICDOWN - no domain set	domain set to All Download
53	BB_Service_Wireless	All Other - TYPICUP - no domain set	domain set to All Upload
54	BB_Service_Wireless	All Other - STATEABBR - no domain set	domain set to STUSPS
		TRANSTECH 40 is named Cable Modem - DOCIS	
55	BB_Service_Overview	3.0 Down	removed the word "Down"
		Terrestrial Fixed Wireless - Unlicensed -	
		MAXADUP domain set to Terrestrial Fixed	domain set to Terrestrial Fixed
56	BB_Service_Overview	Wireless Licensed Up	Wireless Unlicensed Up
57	BB_Service_Overview	All Other - MAXADDOWN - no domain set	domain set to All Download
58	BB_Service_Overview	All Other - MAXADUP - no domain set	domain set to All Upload

In addition to the items above, the following changes were made based on NTIA recommendation:

- Allow terrestrial fixed wireless (licensed and unlicensed) upload speeds of 2 (add this as a valid value in each of the terrestrial upload domains)
- In the wireless spectrum domain, "change is Unlicensed (including broadcast television â€oewhite spacesâ€\_) Spectrum Used to provide service." To "is Unlicensed (including broadcast television "white spaces") used to provide service"
- Based on the 9/29 NTIA webinar, all records that meet the definition of broadband are being kept in the data. However, the data model was not changed, so many speed values will show up as digits (i.e. 2, 9, 10,11) rather than text domain descriptions.
- For submission 1 WGS 84 Web Mercator projection was used. For submission 2, we are projecting the NTIA submission data to the required WGS\_84 projection.